

# Meeting with the European Parliament Internal Market and Consumer Protection Committee (IMCO)

**Revision of Directive 2006/42/EC on machinery** 

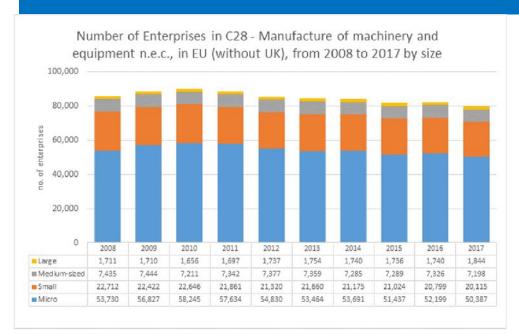
**Brussels, 4 December 2019** 

#### THE MACHINERY SECTOR



## *In EU-27 (UK excluded), in 2017:*

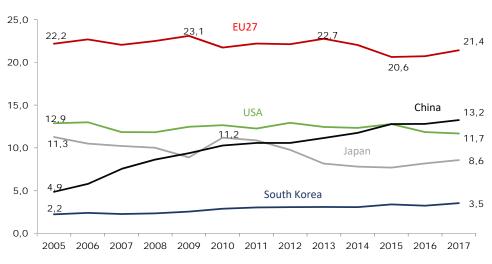
- EUR 663 billion Turnover (9.4% of manufacturing turnover)
- **EUR 609 billion Production** (9.5% of manufacturing production)
- EUR 191 billion Value added (11.2% of value added)
- 2.8 million persons employed (9.9% of all persons employed in manufacturing)
- 82,350 enterprises registered (4.1% of all manufacturing enterprises)



#### Machinery & equipment sector main competitors and trade:

- Exports of EUR 503 bn 2017 (49% intra-EU, 51% extra-EU)
- Imports of EUR 342 bn 2017 (64% intra-EU, 36% extra-EU)
- China emerging as a main competitor (USA, Japan, Germany)

World market shares of main competitor countries of machinery & equipment in % of total world trade



Notes: For the EU, Extra-EU trade only. NACE rev.2, C28.

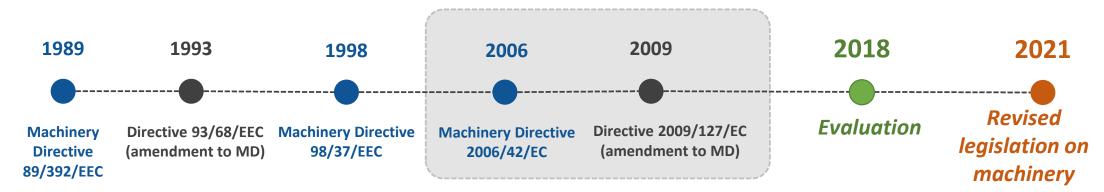
Source: UN COMTRADE.

## THE MACHINERY DIRECTIVE 2006/42/EC



## **General Objectives of the Directive**

- 1) Ensuring free movement of machinery within the internal market; and
- 2) Ensuring high level of protection for users and other exposed persons. Since the amendment 2009/127/EC, the third objective has been added:
- 3) Ensuring the protection of environment in the context of using machinery for pesticide application.



## **Evaluation conclusions (SWD(2018)160)**

- ✓ more legal clarity in provisions and better coherence with wide EU framework is needed
- ✓ relevant to digital technologies, but following aspects need to be further analysed:
  - more analysis for human- (AI)machine collaboration/coexistence in shared workspaces is needed
  - analysis on possible need to add cybersecurity requirements

## Revision steps

- ✓ Open Public Consultation (OPC) launched from June to August 2019; targeted consultations and interviews are on-going
- ✓ Impact Assessment study in support of the revision of the Machinery Directive to be completed in Q1 2020
- ✓ Commission proposal for a new revised legislation on machinery may be adopted in Q4 2020/Q1 2021, subject to political validation by the new Commission

#### **OBJECTIVES OF THE REVISION**



## Improvements sought through the revision

- ✓ General objective 1: Ensure a high level of safety and protection for users of machinery and other people exposed to it.
- ✓ General objective 2: Ensure the well-functioning of the (digital) single market.
  - Greater legal clarity in the scope and definitions:
    - Borderlines with other directives
    - Definitions
    - Exclusions
    - High risk machines
- Better coherence with the wide EU framework and enforcement by aligning the Directive to the New Legislative Framework and potential transformation into a Regulation
- Potentially explicitly address risks pertaining to technical progress in digitisation (cybersecurity, transparency of algorithms, software updates, etc.) including through new essential requirements and taking into consideration horizontal framework
- Simplification of administrative burden and environmental protection by allowing digital formats for documentation (e.g. manual of instructions)

## **CONSULTATIONS**



## Main Stakeholders:

- Companies (manufacturers/ importers/distributors)
- **Industry** associations
- Professional and private users
- **Consumer** associations/Trade unions
- Researchers/academia (especially on new technologies)
- Market surveillance authorities
- Standardisation organisations
- Notified bodies

## Open Public Consultation (June-Aug 2019)

- **528 replies**, of which 372 from industry, 68 citizens, 35 public authorities, 11 NGOs, 5 trade unions, 4 research institutions, 2 consumer organisations)
- 92% are EU respondents (31% DE, 11% FR, 10% NL, 9% BE, 7% IT, etc.)

....The process continues with targeted consultations and interviews

### **POSITIONS OF STAKEHOLDERS**



- A majority of respondents across the different stakeholder groups is in favor of aligning the Directive to the new legislative framework and its conversion into a Regulation
- Scope and definitions:
  - Stakeholders see risks in increasing the slow lifts speed limits and in excluding category I equipment from the Pressure Equipment Directive.
  - Opinions are divided with regards to the proposals for clarifying the borderline with Low Voltage Directive.
  - o A majority of stakeholders would like to review the concept of partly completed machinery.
  - Opinions are divided with regards to the need of updating high risk machines **Annex IV.**
- New technologies (Artificial Intelligence, Internet of Things, Cybersecurity):
  - A majority of Authorities, Notified Bodies and Consumers Associations see the need for the Machinery Directive to better cover the safety of human robot collaboration, machine learning, transparency of algorithms, software updates, while a majority of Industry Associations do not.
  - A majority of respondents think that software which ensures a safety function and is placed independently on the market should be explicitly covered.
  - Opinions are divided about how should cybersecurity requirements for manufacturers of machinery be implemented in the EU.
  - Opinions are divided among Member States with regards to digital instructions



## Further information

## Machinery website:

http://ec.europa.eu/growth/sectors/mechanicalengineering/machinery/

## Better Regulation Portal website:

https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/betterregulation/initiatives/ares-2018-6426989 en

## Contact points:

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